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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/768,799	01/30/2004	Rustom Sam Kanga	2156-088B	9336
7590 03/21/2005			EXAMINER	
John L. Cordani			SCHILLING, RICHARD L	
Carmody & To				DADED MOODED
P.O. Box 1110			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
50 Leavenworth Street			1752	
Waterbury, CT 06721-1110			DATE MAILED: 03/21/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	TAW				
	Application No. Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary	W/768 799 Kanga Examiner Group Art Unit				
•	Examiner Group Art Unit RLSchilling 1752				
—The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet beneath the correspondence address—					
Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	EXPIRE MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE				
from the mailing date of this communication.	• • • •				
Status					
\blacksquare Hesponsive to communication(s) filed on $6-7-04$	+7-14-04				
☐ This action is FINAL.	,				
Since this application is in condition for allowance except for accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935.					
Disposition of Claims					
∃ Claim(s) 1- 1/3	is/are pending in the application.				
	is/are withdrawn from consideration.				
☐ Claim(s)	is/are allowed.				
@Claim(s)/~1/3	is/are rejected.				
□ Claim(s)	is/are objected to.				
	are subject to restriction or election				
Application Papers	requirement.				
☐ See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing I	Review, PTO-948.				
- •					
☐ The proposed drawing correction, filed on is ☐ approved ☐ disapproved. ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 7-14-04 is/are distributed to by the Examiner. ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 7-14-04 is/are distributed to by the Examiner. ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 7-14-04 is/are distributed to by the Examiner. ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 7-14-04 is/are distributed to by the Examiner. ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 7-14-04 is/are distributed to by the Examiner. ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 7-14-04 is/are distributed to by the Examiner. ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 7-14-04 is/are distributed to by the Examiner. ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 7-14-04 is/are distributed to by the Examiner. ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 7-14-04 is/are distributed to by the Examiner. ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 7-14-04 is/are distributed to by the Examiner. ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 7-14-04 is/are distributed to by the Examiner. ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 7-14-04 is/are distributed to by the Examiner. ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 7-14-04 is/are distributed to by the Examiner. ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 7-14-04 is/are distributed to by the Examiner. ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 7-14-04 is/are distributed to by the Examiner. ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 7-14-04 is/are distributed to by the Examiner. ☐ The drawing(s) filed on					
☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
\Box The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 (a)-(d)					
 □ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority unde □ All □ Some* □ None of the CERTIFIED copies of the □ received. 	• ,,,,				
☐ received in Application No. (Series Code/Serial Number)					
received in this national stage application from the Intern					
*Certified copies not received:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Attachment(s)					
(Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No	s). 6-7-04				
☐ Notice of Reference(s) Cited, PTO-892	☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152				
☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-948	☐ Other				
Office Action Summary					

U. S. Patent and Trademark Office
PTO-326 (Rev. 9-97)

Part of Paper No.

- 1. Claims 12 and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicants regard as the invention. There is no clear antecedent basis for the term "UV-curable elastomer" in claims 12 and 32 since parent claims 1 and 21 do not recite elastomers as being UV curable.
- 2. The non-statutory double patenting rejection, whether of the obvious-type or non-obvious-type, is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent. In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); In re Van Ornam, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); and In re Goodman, 29 USPQ 2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321 (b) and (c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a non-statutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.78 (d).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a Terminal Disclaimer. A Terminal Disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-51 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-48 of U.S. Patent No. 6,806,018.

Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the collapsible

curable layers of the instant claims include UV curable layers as in the U.S. patent and the laser absorber material of the instant claims includes the infrared dyes of the U.S. patent. UV curable elastomers and infrared dyes are disclosed in the instant application for the curable elastomer layers and laser absorbers and are also set forth in instant dependent claims 3, 9, 12, 17, 18, 23, 29, 32, 34 and 35.

Claims 52-113 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-48 of U.S. Patent No. 6,806,018 in view of Gelbart '529, Gelbart '659 and Cushner et al. claimed invention in U.S. Patent 6,806,018 is directed to relief printing plates with collapsible layers containing microspheres and methods of making them having the same layer structures and compositions encompassed by instant claims 52-113. The difference between claims 52-113 and the claimed invention of the U.S. patent is the sleeve form of the printing plates required for instant claims 52-113. Gelbart '659 (see particularly column 4, lines 16-45; column 2, line 66 - column 3, line 67; column 6, lines 36-48) and Gelbart et al. '529 (see particularly column 2, line 35 - column 3, line 65; column 11, lines 4-66; column 6, lines 60-66) disclose relief printing plates comprising reliefs with microbubbles or microspheres formed by laser imaging as are

the relief plates in the U.S. patent wherein the two Gelbart patents disclose that the relief plates may be in the form of plates or sleeves and are preferably provided as seamless sleeves instead of flat plates for less distortion after mounting on printing cylinders. Cushner et al. (see particularly column 1, lines 55-65; column 17, line 64 - column 18, line 36) discloses that relief printing plates made from photopolymers can be used in sheet form or sleeve form with the sleeve form having advantages for mounting on laser exposure equipment. Therefore, it would be obvious to one skilled in the art to use the claimed printing plates and methods of making in U.S. Patent 6,806,018 in sleeve form for the advantages of less distortion after mounting as disclosed in the two Gelbart patents and for the ease of laser exposure, which the U.S. patent uses to collapse the curable layers in the claimed invention, as taught by Cushner et al.

- 4. The prior art submitted by applicants in the Information Disclosure Statement filed June 7, 2004 has been considered. The prior art cited in the parent application has also been considered.
- 5. Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Mr. Schilling at telephone number (571) 272-1335.

RLSchilling:cdc

March 15, 2005

RICHARD L. SCHILLING PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP 1466 / 7 82